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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/502,834	02/11/2000	Tetsuo Kodama	203924	5735
75	590 01/21/2004		EXAM	INER
John Kilyk, Jr. Leydig, Voit & Mayer, Ltd. Two Prudential Plaza 180 North Stetson, Suite 4900 Chicago, IL 60601-6780			TRUONG, DUC	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1711	
			DATE MAILED: 01/21/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/502,834	KODAMA ET AL.				
Office Action S	ummary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Duc Truong	1711				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE MAILING DATE OF TH - Extensions of time may be available u after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailin - If the period for reply specified above - If NO period for reply is specified above - Failure to reply within the set or exten - Any reply received by the Office later earned patent term adjustment. See 3	IS COMMUNICATION. nder the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 g date of this communication. is less than thirty (30) days, a reply e, the maximum statutory period w ded period for reply will, by statute, han three months after the mailing	'IS SET TO EXPIRE MON 66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE date of this communication, even if timely filed	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status 1) Responsive to commu	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	~ 1 0 7					
<u> </u>		• 1					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL .	,	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) -3,6 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are a 6) ☑ Claim(s) ☐ is/are a 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are a 8) ☐ Claim(s) are sul	ejected. objected to.						
Application Papers							
Applicant may not reques Replacement drawing sh	is/are: a) acce t that any objection to the c eet(s) including the correction	epted or b) objected to by the E drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj aminer. Note the attached Office	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
12)							
Attachment(s)							
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-8 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Dr Information Disclosure Statement(s) 	awing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Informal Pa	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)				

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Response to Amendment

Applicant's arguments filed Nov 7, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The response and the Declaration submitted by Applicant do not overcome the rejection made by Examiner in the last Office action.

Claims 1-3 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over So et al.

The rejection is maintained for the reasons as stated in the last Office action and for the following reasons:

Note that the Declaration under 37 C.F.R 1.132 has been submitted to disclose the polybenzazole articles (samples 6 and 7) containing o-aminophenol/p-phenylenediamine (1:1) or m-phenylenediamine/p-phenylenediamine (1:1) as light resisting agents showed a strength retention of 34% or 55%, compared to the 1-naphthol (23%) or 2-naphthol (27%), as disclosed in the reference.

Said arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive since the Markush terminology used in claim 1 has limited to some components excluding the mixtures with the required ratios 1/1 in Samples 6-7. Further, applicant said that by mixing two kinds of light resisting agents, the strength retention will be higher. That means, if only one claimed light resisting agent is used, the strength retention will be lower than 34%, and could be dropped within the range of naphthol, as disclosed in the reference.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

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THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Duc Truong whose telephone number is 703-308-2437. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Seidleck can be reached on 703-308-2462. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9310.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

DUCTRUONG PRIMARY EXAMINER

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DETAILED ACTION

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-3 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over So et al of record on 1449.

The reference discloses a polybenzazole dope filament comprising a polybenzazole polymer (see col. 2, lines 10 et seq.) and about 1 to 10 % by weight of dye compounds comprising naphthols (see col. 6, lines 25-30).

Note that said dye compounds are useful to absorb light with a wavelength in the range of from about 300 nm to about 600 nm (see col. 6, lines 30), overlapped with these in the claims.

The disclosure of the reference differs from the instant claims in that it does not disclose the claimed specific light resisting agent such as aniline, phenylene diamine, aminophenol, nitrophenol, sulfonamide, and diaminophthalene.

However, the reference does disclose the use of naphthols having the same functionality with the claimed light resisting agent, to absorb light with the wavelength of from 300-600 nm. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to select the naphthols, as disclosed in the reference, to replace said light resisting agent of the claims since they have been shown to be effective in a similar system and

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thus would have been expected to provide adequate results. There is no showing of unexpected results derived from said selection.

The Declarations have been fully considered but they are not persuasive because there is no comparative examples have been provided between the claimed light resisting agents and the naphthol, as disclosed in the reference.

Applicant's arguments are based on the structures of the light resisting agents, whereas the Examiner's arguments are based on the functionality of said light resisting agents, as in the claims (the claims disclose the functionality of said light resisting agent).

Applicant does not argue why the naphthol, as disclosed in the reference, can not be considered as light resisting agent.

Applicant is correct in stating that the claimed light resisting agents, when combined with a polybenzozole, to form an article of not more than 30% in not less than 30% of the wavelength region of from 450 nm to 700 nm, so does naphthol, unless Applicant provides evidence to show that they are different.

The Declarations have been submitted to show the strength retention after xenon light exposure of said claimed light resisting agents, for 24 hours is >51%, so does naphthol, unless Applicant provides evidence to show that they are different.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Duc Truong whose telephone number is 703-308-2437. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, James Seidleck can be reached on 703-308-2462. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9791 for regular communications and 703-872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

DT May 5, 2003

DUCTRUONG PRIMARY EXAMINER